

solve this issue. It is now clear, however, that this bill will not move in its current form. As I mentioned to the majority leader, the consensus regarding S. 758 between industry, the plaintiffs, and other concerned parties, and among industry itself, appears to have deteriorated substantially since S. 758 was introduced.

It is also clear that there is virtually no time in the Senate to consider this bill this year. The Senate has a target adjournment date of October 6 this year. Before adjourning, the Senate will work to repeal the Social Security earnings limit, repeal the marriage tax penalty, pass agriculture sanctions reform to open markets for American farmers and ranchers, timely pass the budget and 13 separate appropriations bills, reauthorize the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, give final approval to legislation to combat the methamphetamine crisis, and adopt legislation to protect Social Security. These issues will take up my time this year. And these issues are just a partial list of the ambitious agenda for the year.

In light of this situation, and the fact that the House appears to be taking a different approach entirely, I appreciate the majority leader's candid assessment of the legislative prospects for this bill. Because it serves no purpose to represent that S. 758 will pass or be acted upon this year or in the future, I appreciate the remarks of the majority leader.

#### TRIBUTE TO COLONEL TYLER H. FLETCHER

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, today I rise to pay tribute to an extraordinary citizen and public servant who has dedicated his life to the noble endeavor of law enforcement and the edification of those committed to this distinguished profession. Tyler H. Fletcher of Hattiesburg, Mississippi, exemplifies the qualities of honor, courage, dedication, and service that reflect the outstanding character of this former colonel in the United States Army Military Police. With the retirement of Colonel Fletcher on Friday, April 7, 2000, I express my highest gratitude to him for over 50 years of service and leadership to the United States of America.

As an officer in the United States Army Military Police, Colonel Fletcher was recognized with the Police Medal of Honor from the Republic of South Vietnam, three Legion of Merit awards, the Bronze Star, an Army Commendation, and four Meritorious Unit Citations. After retirement from the Military Police in 1971, Colonel Fletcher continued his exemplary service as associate professor and chairman of the department of criminal justice at the University of Southern Mississippi, garnering the distinction of Who's Who in American Law Enforcement in 1978 and the Excellence in Teaching Award in 1980.

Colonel Fletcher's extraordinary accomplishments in the professional

arena are matched only by his dedication to the service of his fellow Americans. He has greatly contributed to the field of law enforcement by authoring numerous books and articles on the subjects of correctional administration, juvenile justice, and community policing. He is a pioneer in his research into areas of police education, crimes against the elderly, and victims of crime in Mississippi. He is a leader in his field as an active contributor to the National Society of Police and Criminal Psychology, the Mississippi Association of chiefs of Police, the International Association of Chiefs of Police, the National Council on Crime and Delinquency, the Disabled Americans Veterans, and the Mississippi Corrections Officers Association.

Mr. President, the distinguished career of Colonel Tyler H. Fletcher associates him with the best of the best in the United States, surpassing the accolades of personal accomplishments and awards only with the gift of inspiration to future leaders and former colleagues. Colonel Fletcher is a great American, and his service to his country, his profession, and his fellow man serves as the benchmark by which we all should hope to achieve.

#### JOSEPH ILETO POST OFFICE

Mrs. FEINSTEIN. Mr. President, I am very pleased that yesterday the Senate unanimously passed a bill I introduced to name a United States Post Office after Joseph Santos Iletto. He was the U.S. Postal Service employee of Filipino descent who was brutally gunned down last August by the same man who opened fire on the North Valley Jewish Community Center. This bill designates the new post office located at 14071 Peyton Drive in Chino Hills, California as the "Joseph Iletto Post Office."

Joseph Iletto's death on the job exemplifies the ultimate sacrifice of public service. He served our nation with honor and will be remembered by his family, friends, and community as a kind-hearted man who touched many lives. Despite the tragedy of his death, we can take comfort in knowing that Joseph's life will continue to touch others.

By passing this bill, Congress recognizes the urgent need to address and condemn hate crimes and racism. Dedication of the newly constructed post office in Joseph's hometown is the very least we can do to honor a man who gave his life to his country. The companion legislation, sponsored by Congressman GARY MILLER, has already passed. It is my hope that the bill will be signed into law expeditiously.

#### THE FLAG DESECRATION ACT

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, in less than a month's time, we will celebrate the first Memorial Day of the second millennium, our first opportunity in this new century to honor and salute

the men and women who, through the decades, have sacrificed so gallantly to keep us free. It will be our first opportunity to thank them publicly for the sacrifice they made, the pain they suffered, and the trauma they endured to ensure that the flame of freedom would never be extinguished.

Each and every one of those patriots, Mr. President, those who died, those who returned, and those we are blessed to still have with us, shouldered squarely the highest responsibility of citizenship; remained dedicated to the survival of our Nation; were willing to pay the highest price to preserve peace and freedom. And they risked it all under the one symbol that summed up their strength and sharpened their courage—our bright banner of red, white, and blue.

We are a Nation of images and symbols, but that's not a 21st century phenomenon. It has always been so. Throughout our history, we have been captivated by scenes that seem to capture all the emotion of a particular event—George Washington's winter encampment at Valley Forge, Robert E. Lee's last ride to Appomattox along a path lined by ranks of Union troops standing at attention, JFK's funeral cortege making its way to Arlington across the Memorial Bridge.

But the most poignant image of all—the one that will live forever in the hearts and minds of all Americans—is the image of a handful of Marines braced against a whipping Pacific wind, raising the American flag over Iwo Jima.

That symbol of freedom that flies over the dome of the building in which we now stand, that adorns the flagpoles of our schools and communities, that graces the windows and doorways of our homes, that is draped in silent tribute over the coffins of our dead—that symbol deserves our protection.

It should not, under any—any—circumstances be desecrated. And that is why I support an amendment to the U.S. Constitution to ensure that this is so.

The Constitutional Amendment proposed by this resolution is surprisingly simple—astoundingly simple when compared to anything that emanates from Washington these days. It does not dictate a particular course of action to the states. It does not threaten the separation of powers. It does not set a complex set of rules and regulations that require a team of lawyers to interpret. It does not change the integrity of the Constitution. And it does not cost the taxpayers one cent. The entire amendment is contained in a single sentence: "The Congress and the States shall have power to prohibit the physical desecration of the flag of the United States."

To those who maintain that this amendment would be a violation of First, I quote perhaps the greatest proponent of First Amendment freedoms, Supreme Court Justice Hugo Black, who stated, "It passes my belief that